

→ THE ESA EARTH OBSERVATION Φ-WEEK

EO Open Science and FutureEO

12-16 November 2018 | ESA-ESRIN | Frascati [Rome], Italy

Improving Crisis Event Management through EO & Citizens' Voluntary Engagement

Refiz Duro

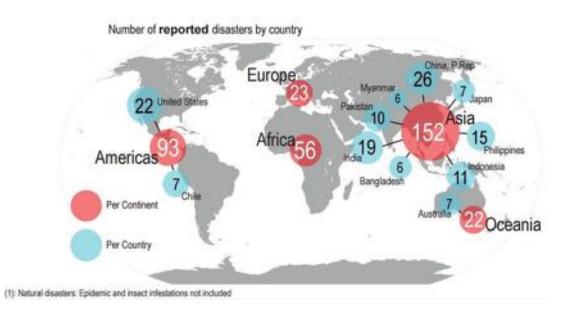
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Crisis and Disasters - Numbers (2015)

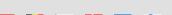














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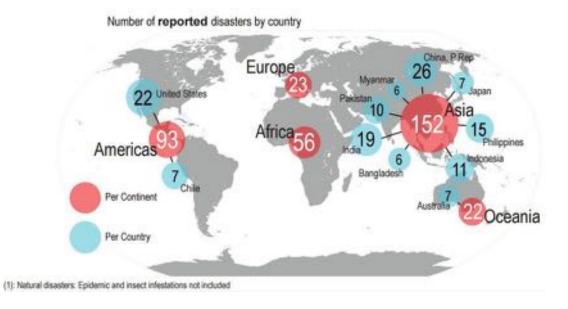






Crisis and Disasters - Numbers (2015)





- 346 reported disasters
- 22 773 people dead
- 100 million people affected
- \$66.5 billion economic damage

















Crisis Management - Acquiring Data/Information



Telephone, fax, social media, e-mail [slow, manual, prone to errors]







































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Add: semi-automatic processes, State of the art technologies (e.g., satellites)









































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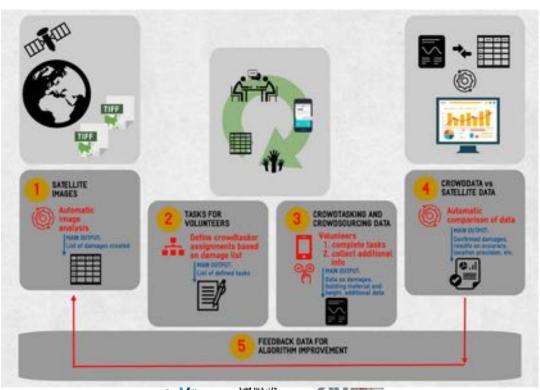




QuinJunSAT Approach















































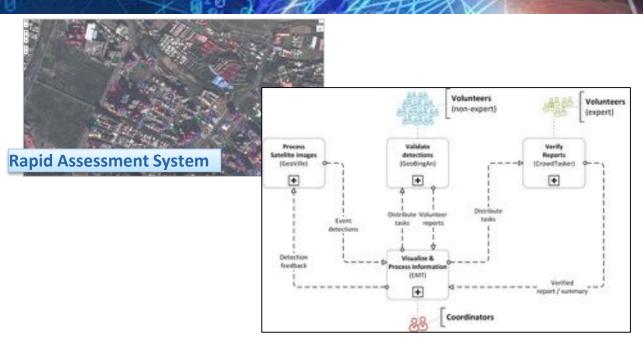




The Way of Data & The Tools









































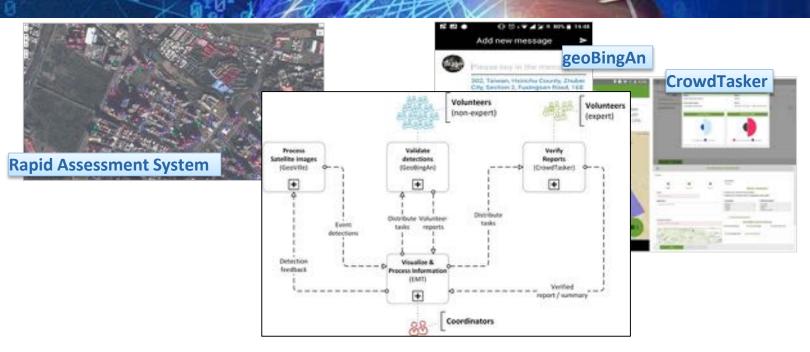






The Way of Data & The Tools









































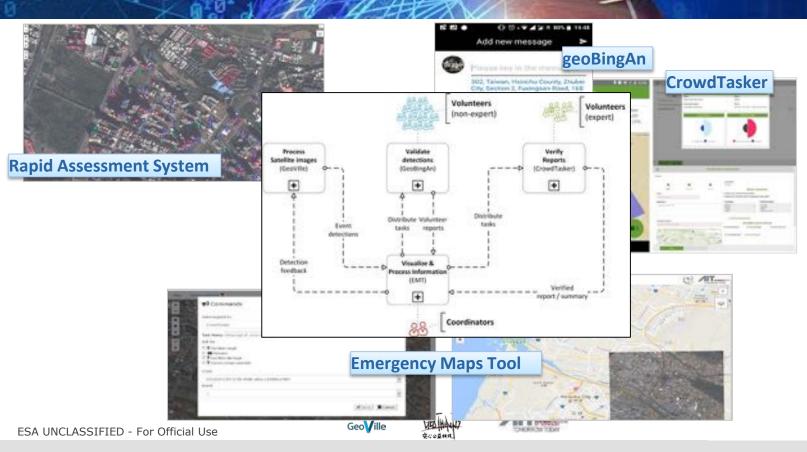






The Way of Data & The Tools









- "921 International Disaster Prevention Drill" is an annual set of events across the whole Taiwan, commemorating the devastating earthquake on 21st September, 1999.
- More than 2,000 lives were lost, damaging tens of thousands of buildings and destroying infrastructure.





















- "921 International Disaster Prevention Drill" is an annual set of events across the whole Taiwan, commemorating the devastating earthquake on 21st September, 1999.
- More than 2,000 lives were lost, damaging tens of thousands of buildings and destroying infrastructure.
- Include technological advancements for the damage detection / data collection for rapid assessment & creation of a crisis picture:
 - **Satellite Technologies (from above)**
 - *Very high resolution imagery (sub-meter)*
 - **Crowdsource Data (from the ground)**
 - Smartphone Apps for crowdtasking (geoBingAn, CrowdTasker)
 - **Crisis Mapping**
 - Emergency Maps Tool for decision making support

































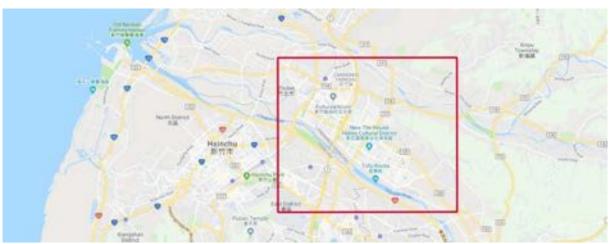








- Hsinchu County in Taiwan
- Disaster Prevention and Resilience Center
- Crisis responders & managers, volunteers







































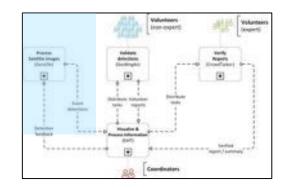




















































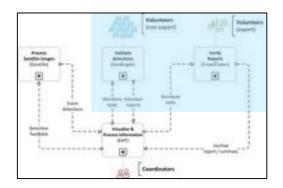
















































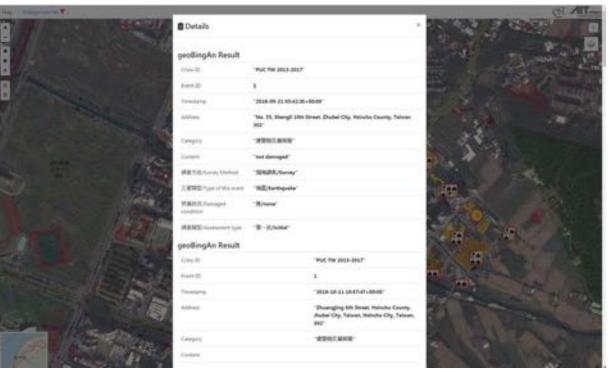


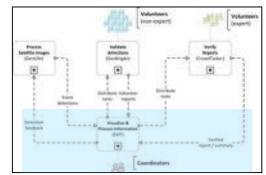










































































































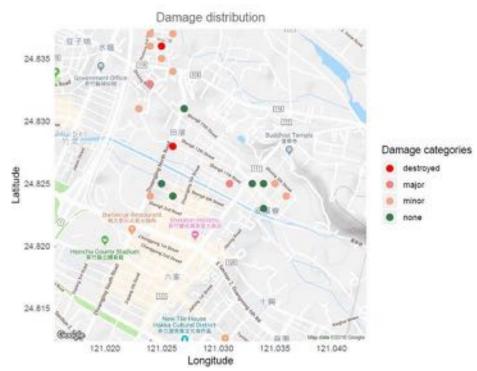


Taiwan Drill Day - Results

































Lessons Learned & Future Steps





Satellite data:

- Temporal resolution is currently too sparse as they are not meeting the crisis & disaster criteria
 - Much better temporal resolution in near future (daily coverage to multiple images per day) + tasking capabilities -> integrate it in the pipeline for near-real time view
- Difficult to apply the same damage detection algorithm to different types of cities/places (e.g., Katmandu vs Taipei) -> combine with crowdsourcing and state of the art (detection) algorithms

Crowdsourcing/crowdtasking:

- Getting sufficient number of volunteers is critical
- Different types of data can be gathered depending on the disaster (e.g., building height, material, flood water color, smell, etc.) -> flex the Apps for all crisis event types









































Combination of EO, Crowdsourcing, Volunteers & Crisis Managers give you near-real time situational awareness picture potentially leading to:

- smarter resource allocation and response actions
- shorter reaction times
- lower total costs for relief actions.

































Thank you!



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The developments described are carried out within the QuinJunSAT research project funded by the Austrian Research Promotion Agency (FFG) in the frame of the Research, Technology & Innovation (RTI) initiative "Beyond Europe".









